# Magma fertility and tectonic evolution of the Mary Kathleen Belt





# Summary:

- Introduction
- EGRU projects in Mt Isa region
- Update on the magma fertility study- new age data
- Update on the tectonic evolution study- new mapping
- Update on the Tick Hill study new age data
- Conclusions



#### EGRU (JCU) and GSQ developed a project:

- Establish the extent, character and timing of the dominant magmatic activities in the Mary Kathleen Domain of the Mt Isa Inlier;
- Develop an understanding of the tectono-magmatic history of the Mary Kathleen Domain and its links to metallogenesis;
- Explore the applicability of magma fertility concepts as a tool for exploration for a variety of deposit types.
- Develop new concepts that can be used for exploration in the Mary Kathleen Domain

# Collaborate with the GSQ team (David Purdy, Bob Bultitude, Dominic Brown, Derek Hoy, etc.)



## Why Mary Kathleen Belt:

- Numerous deposits and prospects
- A wide variety of commodities:

o Cu, Au, Zn, Pb, Ag, U, REE

- Numerous plutons
- Complex structural history
- Intense metasomatic alteration

#### But:

- No big deposits
- No new discoveries
- No 1550-1500 Ma plutons





# The Cloncurry style IOCG systems:

- Strong structural control
- D<sub>3</sub> brittle-ductile structures
- Early sodic alteration
- Late potassic alteration
- Link to 1550-1500 Ma plutons
- Wide range of metals
- Late Isan Orogeny

#### But :

MKB is not Isan Orogeny



#### Main points from previous workshop:

- MKB is not an extensional belt
- MKB was metamorphosed, deformed and intruded by plutons during the Wonga Orogeny (1800-1680 Ma)
- Metamorphism, deformation and plutonism was diachronous across the belt
- Sedimentation was diachronous along the belt stratigraphy is not continuous
- Mineralization is related to Isan overprinting



## **EGRU-GSQ** project – on going

Researcher	Project
Dr. Yanbo Cheng	Magma fertility in MKB
Joshua Spence (PhD - on going)	Tectonics and structure of the MKB
<b>Truong Le</b> (PhD – on going)	Tick Hill deposit geology
Alex Edgar (Honours - completed)	Scapolite as a vectoring tool
<b>Travis Mackay</b> (Honours – on going)	Major shear systems in the MKB



## **EGRU-projects**

Researcher	Project
Alex Brown (PhD – on going)	Tommy Creek Domain tectonic evolution (MIM funded)
<b>Pieter Creus</b> (PhD – on going)	Dugald River Deposit – structural controls on the ore body (MMG funded)
<b>Keanu Stinson</b> (Honours – on going)	Starra line – structure and timing (Chinova funded)
<b>Grace Manestar</b> (Honours – on going)	Peak metamorphic fluids



### **New EGRU-projects**

**Cu-Zn isotopes applied to Mount Isa deposit** 

Advertised for a few PhD projects:

- Major shear/fault systems in the Eastern Fold belt
- Scapolite geochemistry as a vector towards mineralization
- Feldspar geochemistry as a vector towards mineralization
- Garnet geochemistry as a vector towards mineralization



• Scapolite geochemistry as a vector towards mineralization





### **New EGRU-project**

#### Cu-Zn isotopes applied to Mount Isa deposit







# Update on the magma fertility studynew age data



Mt Godkin (MGK) granitoids Wonga (WG) granitoids Burstall (BST) granitoids Lunch Creek (LC) gabbro



## **Sample locations**





Mt Godkin (MGK) granitoids: 20 samples Burstal (BST) granitoids: 13 samples Burstal mafic / felsic dykes: 6 samples Lunch Creek (LC) gabbro: 8 samples Wonga (WG) granitoids: 12 samples



## **Geochemical characteristics**



- Wide compositional range: mafic intermediate felsic
- > High alkali content, especially high in  $K_2O$  concentration
- $\succ$  MGK granitoids: bimodal K<sub>2</sub>O concentrations, shoshonite series vs. low-K series







# Update on the tectonic evolution study-new mapping

Dugald River Mine 2019 Fieldwork 2018 Fieldwork 0 5 10 20 30 40 Kilometers 2019 Fieldwork

Mary Kathleen Belt

Task	Results	
Field work	48 days	
Mapping area covered	Total Duchess Mount Godkin	~79km <sup>2</sup> 51km <sup>2</sup> 28km <sup>2</sup>
Samples Collected – Mount Godkin	Thin Sections U-Pb dating	17 2
Samples Collected – Duchess	Thin Sections U-Pb dating <i>Geochemistry</i> Myubee Granite Myubee Igneous Complex	20-30 6 14 13
Total samples collected	65	
Writing	Mary Kathleen – 85-90% complete Mount Godkin - ~15-20% complete Duchess – Field notes only	





#### Duchess area





#### Mount Godkin area



### Some important observations:

- Mt Godkin postdates at least 2 folding events
- Mt Godkin granite cuts across the West Godkin Fault
- Myubee gabbro predates the Myubee granite
- Myubee granite intruded syn to late tectonic
- Revenue granite records 2 cleavage/folding events
- Revenue granite intruded early to syn tectonic
- Overlander granite intruded syn tectonic

Overall a similar tectonic history to the Mary Kathleen Syncline suggesting deformation, metamorphism and plutonism during the Wonga Orogeny (pre 1700 Ma)



### Update on the Tick Hill study- new age data



# Sample TH032

	Weighted Mean	Kernel Density Estimation
8375		3375
3234		3234
3093	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	3093
2952		2952
2811		2811
2670	I	2670
2529		2529
2388		2388
2247	<sup>1</sup>	2247 5
2106		2106
1965		1965
1824	<sup>4</sup> hudhi0ii000	1824
1683	······	1683 5
1542	<sub>m</sub> u	1542
1401	μμ <sup>τ</sup>	1401
1260		1260





Post-tectonic pegmatite underneath the Au-rich ore zone; Drill hole TH032



# Sample TH032

>90% concordance, zircons with very dark CL domains



Post-tectonic pegmatite underneath the Au-rich ore zone; Drill hole TH032



# Sample TH032

>95% concordance, altered zircons under CL images



Post-tectonic pegmatite underneath the Au-rich ore zone; Drill hole TH032







- Pegmatite associated with en-echelon quartz veins (and Normal-sinistral movement; N Pit wall
- Late tectonic pegmatite crosscutting the mylonitic foliation



Altered zircon grains in CL images with the ages around ~1522 Ma



- Pegmatite associated with en-echelon quartz veins; N Pit wall
- Late tectonic pegmatite crosscutting the mylonitic foliation



>90% concordance, older zircons, altered under CL images



- Pegmatite associated with en-echelon quartz veins; N Pit wall
- Late tectonic pegmatite crosscutting the mylonitic foliation



>90% concordance, old zircons, unaltered cores under CL images





- Pegmatite associated with en-echelon quartz veins; N Pit wall
- Late tectonic pegmatite crosscutting the mylonitic foliation



## TH108



Post-tectonic pegmatite ~130m below the mineralization zone ; Drill hole U8506-224m-236.6m-240m:

<mark>~1523 Ma</mark>



## TH108

Most zircons appear altered in CL images



Post-tectonic pegmatite ~130m below the mineralized zone; Drill hole U8506-224m-236.6m-240m:





# THM27 group

#### > 95% concordance, bright CL domains





Au-rich quartz-feldspar mylonite off-cuts (metasomatised?)

## THM04 group

data-point error symbols are 2o

data-point error ellipses are 20

3.5

Intercepts at -194±950 & 1793±25 [±26] Ma

MSWD = 1.9

3.7

#### > 95% concordance, bright concentric CL domains



Au-rich ultra quartz-feldspar mylonite off-cuts

#### Zircon geochemistry changes with the age



# Conclusions

- Many similarities in mineralization style with deposits in the Cloncurry area
- Deformation and plutonism in the MKB occurred during the Wonga Orogeny (pre 1700 Ma)
- There is a wide variety of intrusion types
- The mafic and felsic magmatism could be unrelated
- There is evidence of ~1530 Ma magmatic/hydrothermal activity
- There is evidence of reactivation during the Isan Orogeny
- Isan age structures could be potential targets for mineralization

